

<p>The various slavery compromises were designed to protect?</p>	<p>Stephen Douglas supported the Kansas Nebraska Act of 1854 because:</p>
<p>Dred Scott argued that he and his wife who had once lived in states and territory where slavery was illegal were in fact free.</p>	<p>The states in the south chose to secede:</p>
<p>During the election of 1860 Lincoln's position on slavery was that:</p>	<p>The first state to secede from the Union was:</p>
<p>Slave revolts that occurred during Lincoln's time</p>	<p>The "bloodless beginning to the bloodiest war" in our history occurred at:</p>
<p>Lincoln looked for _____ in his Gettysburg Address.</p>	<p>The Northern strategy was to act like an Anaconda and:</p>

<p>It stated that citizens in those states would choose whether or not to be a free or slave state. He hoped that by altering the terms of the Missouri Compromise and giving the citizens the right to choose he might gain the favor of voters in the south.</p>	<p>The balance of political power and Congressional representation between north and south.</p>
<p>when Lincoln was elected.</p>	<p>The Supreme Court ruled against the Scott's 7 to 3. Chief Justice Taney stated that as an African American Dred Scott was an inferior and without rights. Thus he was not a citizen and could not sue anyone. As an enslaved person he was property.</p>
<p>South Carolina</p>	<p>Slavery should be confined to the states where it already existed. He hoped if it was not allowed to expand further it would eventually die out.</p>
<p>Fort Sumter</p>	<p>United the South against the abolitionists and northern politicians.</p>
<p>Choke off the souths resources and gain victory over the south when they were greatly weakened.</p>	<p>a New Birth of freedom in America</p>

<p>Battles in _____ and _____ doomed the Confederates to defeat.</p>	<p>The Civil war ended with General Lee surrendering to General Grant at:</p>
<p>The Emancipation Proclamation accomplished the following three things:</p>	<p>The south viewed Lincoln's Election as a reason to secede because:</p>
<p>Lincoln waited until after the Union victory at the Battle of Antietam to release his Emancipation Proclamation because:</p>	<p>The president of the Confederate States of America was:</p>
<p>The Union had greater advantage over the Confederacy in:</p>	<p>The Capital of the Confederate States during most of the Civil War was:</p>
<p>_____ was not a cause of the Civil War.</p>	<p>This Union Commander shortened the Civil War with his "Total War" approach by burning much of Georgia and the Carolina's during his "March to the Sea".</p>

Appomattox, Virginia.	Gettysburg and Vicksburg.
they feared he would abolish slavery.	It gave the Union a great cause to fight for, encouraged African American Males to fight for the Union, and prevented Britain and France from entering the war on the South's side.
Jefferson Davis	Lincoln needed a northern victory so that Emancipation would't seem like an act of desperation.
Richmond, Virginia.	Population, industry, a better form of government.
General Sherman	Slavery



